

RY/RM Series Miniature Relays

RY2 (3A), RY4 (5A), RM2 (5A)

Bifurcated contacts are also available

The RY/RM series are general purpose miniature relays with a 3A or 5A contact capacity. A wide variety of terminal styles and coil voltages meet a wide range of applications. All 4PDT types have arc barriers.



Part Number Selection

| Contact | Model | Part Number | | Coil Voltage Code |
|--|---|------------------|-------------------|---|
| | | Plug-in Terminal | PC Board Terminal | |
| DPDT (Slim) 3A  | Basic | RY2S-U | RY2V-U | AC6V, AC12V, AC24V, AC110V, AC120V, AC220V, AC240V DC6V, DC12V, D24V, DC48V, DC110V |
| | With Indicator | RY2S-UL | RY2V-UL | |
| | With Check Button | RY2S-UC | | |
| | With Indicator and Check Button | RY2S-ULC | | |
| | Top Bracket Mounting | RY2S-UT | | |
| | With Diode (DC coil only) | RY2S-UD | RY2V-UD | |
| | With Indicator and Diode (DC coil only) | — | | DC6V, DC12V, DC24V, DC48V, DC110V |
| DPDT (Wide) 5A  | Basic | RM2S-U | RM2V-U | AC6V, AC12V, AC24V, AC110-120V, AC220-240V DC6V, DC12V, DC24V, DC48V, DC100-110V |
| | With Indicator | RM2S-UL | RM2V-UL | |
| | With Check Button | RM2S-UC | | |
| | With Indicator and Check Button | RM2S-ULC | | |
| | Top Bracket Mounting | RM2S-UT | | |
| | With Diode (DC coil only) | RM2S-UD | | |
| | With Indicator and Diode (DC coil only) | RM2S-ULD | | DC6V, DC12V, DC24V, DC48V, DC100-110V |
| 4PDT 5A  | Basic | RY4S-U | RY4V-U | AC6V, AC12V, AC24V, AC110-120V, AC220-240V DC6V, DC12V, DC24V, DC48V, DC100-110V |
| | With Indicator | RY4S-UL | RY4V-UL | |
| | With Check Button | RY4S-UC | | |
| | With Indicator and Check Button | RY4S-ULC | | |
| | Top Bracket Mounting | RY4S-UT | | |
| | With Diode (DC coil only) | RY4S-UD | — | |
| | With Indicator and Diode (DC coil only) | RY4S-ULD | | DC6V, DC12V, DC24V, DC48V, DC100-110V |
| DPDT (Slim) 1A Bifurcated  | Basic | RY22S-U | RY22V-U | AC6V, AC12V, AC24V, AC110V, AC120V, AC220V, AC240V DC6V, DC12V, D24V, DC48V, DC110V |
| | With Indicator | RY22S-UL | RY22V-UL | |
| | Top Bracket Mounting | RY22S-UT | | |
| | With Diode (DC coil only) | RY22S-UD | RY22V-UD | |
| 4PDT 1A Bifurcated  | Basic | RY42S-U | RY42V-U | AC6V, AC12V, AC24V, AC110-120V, AC220-240V DC6V, DC12V, DC24V, DC48V, DC100-110V |
| | With Indicator | RY42S-UL | RY42V-UL | |
| | Top Bracket Mounting | RY42S-UT | | |

Ordering Information

When ordering, specify the Part No. and coil voltage code:

(example) **RY4S-U** **AC110-120V**

Part No.

Coil Voltage Code

Switches & Pilot Lights

Display Lights

Relays & Sockets

Timers

Terminal Blocks

Circuit Breakers

Sockets

| Relays | Standard DIN Rail Mount | Finger-safe DIN Rail Mount | Through Panel Mount | PCB Mount |
|---------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|--------------------|
| RY2S RY22S | SY2S-05 | SY2S-05C | SY2S-51 | SY2S-61 |
| RM2 | SM2S-05 | SM2S-05C | SM2S-51 | SY4S-61 SY4S-62 |
| RY4S RY42S | SY4S-05 | SY4S-05C | SY4S-51 | |
| | | | | |

Hold Down Springs & Clips

| Appearance | Description | Relay | For DIN Mount Socket | For Through Panel & PCB Mount Socket | Min Order Qty |
|------------|---------------------------|------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|
| | Pullover Wire Spring | RY2S | SY2S-02F1 | SY4S-51F1 | 10 |
| | | RY22S | | | |
| | | RM2 | SY4S-51F1 | SY4S-51F1 | |
| | | RY4S | | | |
| | | RY42S | | | |
| | Leaf Spring* (side latch) | RY2S, RY22S | SFA-202 | SFA-302 | 20 |
| | | RM2, RY4S, RY42S | | | |
| | Leaf Spring* (top latch) | RY2S, RY22S | SFA-101 | SFA-301 | |
| | | RM2 | | | |
| | | RY4S, RY42S | | | |



*Not available for PCB mount socket SY4S-62.

Accessories

| Description | Appearance | Use with | Part No. | Remarks |
|-------------------------------------|------------|---|----------|--|
| Aluminum DIN Rail (1 meter length) | | All DIN rail sockets | BNDN1000 | IDEC offers a low-profile DIN rail (BNDN1000). The BNDN1000 is designed to accommodate DIN mount sockets. Made of durable extruded aluminum, the BNDN1000 measures 0.413 (10.5mm) in height and 1.37 (35mm) in width (DIN standard). Standard length is 39" (1,000mm). |
| DIN Rail End Stop | | DIN rail | BNL5 | 9.1 mm wide. |
| Replacement Hold-Down Spring Anchor | | Horseshoe clip for all DIN rail sockets | Y778-011 | For use on DIN rail mount socket when using pullover wire hold down spring. 2 pieces included with each socket. |

Switches & Pilot Lights

Display Lights

Relays & Sockets

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Terminal Blocks

Circuit Breakers

Specifications

| Contact Model | Standard Contact | | | Bifurcated Contact |
|------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | RY2 - DPDT Slim | RM2 - DPDT Wide | RY4 - 4PDT | RY22 - DPDT / RY42 - 4PDT |
| Contact Material | Gold-plated silver | Silver | Gold-plated silver | Silver-palladium alloy |
| Contact Resistance ¹ | 50 mΩ maximum | 30 mΩ maximum | 50 mΩ maximum | 100 mΩ minimum |
| Minimum Applicable Load | 24V DC, 5 mA; 5V DC, 10 mA (reference value) | 24V DC, 10 mA; 5V DC, 20 mA (reference value) | 24V DC, 5 mA; 5V DC, 10 mA (reference value) | 1V DC, 100 μA (reference value) |
| Operate Time ² | 20 ms maximum | | | |
| Release Time ² | 20 ms maximum | | | |
| Power Consumption (approx.) | AC: 1.1 VA (50 Hz), 1 VA (60 Hz) DC: 0.8W | AC: 1.4 VA (50 Hz), 1.2 VA (60 Hz) DC: 0.9W | AC: 1.4 VA (50 Hz), 1.2 VA (60 Hz) DC: 0.9W | AC: 1.1 VA (50 Hz), 1 VA (60 Hz) DC: 0.8W |
| Insulation Resistance | 100 MΩ minimum (500V DC megger) | | | |
| Dielectric Strength ³ | Between live and dead parts: | | | |
| | 1500V AC, 1 minute | 2000V AC, 1 minute | 2000V AC, 1 minute | 1500V AC, 1 minute ³ |
| | Between contact and coil: | | | |
| | 1500V AC, 1 minute | 2000V AC, 1 minute | 2000V AC, 1 minute | 1500V AC, 1 minute |
| | Between contacts of different poles: | | | |
| | 1500V AC, 1 minute | 2000V AC, 1 minute | 2000V AC, 1 minute | 1500V AC, 1 minute |
| Operating Frequency | Electrical: 1800 operations/h maximum | | | |
| | Mechanical: 18,000 operations/h maximum | | | |
| Vibration Resistance | Damage limits: 10 to 55 Hz, amplitude 0.5 mm | | | |
| | Operating extremes: 10 to 55 Hz, amplitude 0.5 mm | | | |
| Shock Resistance | Damage limits: 1000 m/s ² | | | |
| | Operating extremes: 100 m/s ² (DPDT Slim), 200 m/s ² (4PDT, DPDT Wide) | | | |
| Mechanical Life | 50,000,000 operations | | | |
| Electrical Life | 200,000 operations (220V AC, 3A) | 500,000 operations (220V AC, 5A) | 100,000 operations (220V AC, 5A) 200,000 operations (220V AC, 3A) | 200,000 operations (110V AC, 1A) |
| Operating Temperature ⁴ | -25 to +55°C (no freezing) | -25 to +45°C (no freezing) | -25 to +55°C (no freezing) ⁵ | -25 to +55°C (no freezing) |
| Operating Humidity | 45 to 85% RH (no condensation) | | | |
| Weight (approx.) | 23g | 35g | 34g | RY22: 23g / RY42: 34g |



Note: Above values are initial values.

1. Measured using 5V DC, 1A voltage drop method
2. Measured at the rated voltage (at 20°C), excluding contact bouncing
Release time of relays with diode: 40 ms maximum

3. Relays with indicator or diode: 1000V AC, 1 minute

4. For use under different temperature conditions, refer to Continuous Load Current vs. Operating Temperature Curve.
The operating temperature range of relays with indicator or diode is -25 to +40°C.

5. When the total current of 4 contacts is less than 15A, the operating temperature range is -25 to +70°C.

AC Coil Ratings

| Voltage (V) | Rated Current (mA) ±15% at 20°C | | | | Coil Resistance (Ω) ±10% at 20°C | | Operation Characteristics (against rated values at 20°C) | | |
|-------------|---------------------------------|------------------|-----------|------------------|----------------------------------|------------------|--|----------------|-----------------|
| | AC 50Hz | | AC 60Hz | | DPDT Slim | DPDT Wide & 4PDT | Max. Continuous Applied Voltage | Pickup Voltage | Dropout Voltage |
| | DPDT Slim | DPDT Wide & 4PDT | DPDT Slim | DPDT Wide & 4PDT | | | | | |
| 6 | 170 | 240 | 150 | 200 | 18.8 | 9.4 | 110% | 80% maximum | 30% minimum |
| 12 | 86 | 121 | 75 | 100 | 76.8 | 39.3 | | | |
| 24 | 42 | 60.5 | 37 | 50 | 300 | 153 | | | |
| 110 | 9.6 | — | 8.4 | — | 6,950 | — | | | |
| 110-120 | — | 9.4-10.8 | — | 8.0-9.2 | — | 4,290 | | | |
| 120 | 8.6 | — | 7.5 | — | 8,100 | — | | | |
| 220 | 4.7 | — | 4.1 | — | 25,892 | — | | | |
| 220-240 | — | 4.7-5.4 | — | 4.0-4.6 | — | 18,820 | | | |
| 240 | 4.9 | — | 4.3 | — | 26,710 | — | | | |

DC Coil Ratings

| Voltage (V) | Rated Current (mA) ±15% at 20°C | | Coil Resistance (Ω) ±10% at 20°C | | Operation Characteristics (against rated values at 20°C) | | |
|-------------|---------------------------------|------------------|----------------------------------|------------------|--|----------------|-----------------|
| | DPDT Slim | DPDT Wide & 4PDT | DPDT Slim | DPDT Wide & 4PDT | Max. Continuous Applied Voltage | Pickup Voltage | Dropout Voltage |
| 6 | 128 | 150 | 47 | 40 | 110% | 80% maximum | 10% minimum |
| 12 | 64 | 75 | 188 | 160 | | | |
| 24 | 32 | 36.9 | 750 | 650 | | | |
| 48 | 18 | 18.5 | 2,660 | 2,600 | | | |
| 100-110 | — | 8.2-9.0 | — | 12,250 | | | |
| 110 | 8 | — | 13,800 | — | | | |

Contact Ratings

| Contact | Continuous Current | Maximum Contact Capacity | | | | |
|--------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|---------------------|-------------|-----------|-----------|
| | | Allowable Contact Power | | Rated Load | | |
| | | Resistive Load | Inductive Load | Voltage (V) | Res. Load | Ind. Load |
| DPDT Slim (RY2) | 3A | 660 VA AC 90W DC | 176 VA AC 45W DC | 110V AC | 3A | 1.5A |
| | | | | 220V AC | 3A | 0.8A |
| | | | | 30V DC | 3A | 1.5A |
| DPDT Wide (RM2) | 5A | 1100VA AC 150W DC | 440VA AC 75W DC | 110V AC | 5A | 2.5A |
| | | | | 220V AC | 5A | 2A |
| | | | | 30V DC | 5A | 2.5A |
| 4PDT (RY4) | 5A | 1200 VA AC 150W DC | 288 VA AC 60W DC | 240V AC | 5A | 1.2A |
| | | | | 30V DC | 5A | 2A |
| Bifurcated Contact (RY22/RY42) | 1A | 176 VA AC 30W DC | 88 VA AC 15W DC | 110V AC | 1A | 0.5A |
| | | | | 220V AC | 0.8A | 0.4A |
| | | | | 30V DC | 1A | 0.5A |

Note: Inductive load for the rated load — $\cos \phi = 0.3$, $L/R = 7$ ms

TÜV Ratings (Standard Contact)

| Voltage | DPDT Slim | DPDT Wide | 4PDT |
|---------|-----------|-----------|------|
| 240V AC | 3A | 5A | 5A |
| 30V DC | 3A | 5A | 5A |

AC: $\cos \phi = 1.0$, DC: $L/R = 0$ ms

UL Ratings (Bifurcated Contact)

| Voltage | Resistive | General use |
|---------|-----------|-------------|
| 240V AC | 0.8A | 0.4A |
| 120V AC | 1A | 0.5A |
| 30V DC | 1A | 0.5A |

UL Ratings (Standard Contact)

| Voltage | Resistive | | | General use | | |
|---------|-----------|-----------|------|-------------|-----------|------|
| | DPDT Slim | DPDT Wide | 4PDT | DPDT Slim | DPDT Wide | 4PDT |
| 240V AC | 3A | 5A | 5A | 0.8A | 2A | 5A |
| 120V AC | — | — | — | 1.5A | 2.5A | — |
| 100V DC | 0.2A | 0.4A | 0.2A | 0.2A | — | 0.2A |
| 30V DC | 3A | 5A | 5A | 3A | — | 5A |

CSA Ratings (Standard Contact)

| Voltage | Resistive | | | General use | | |
|---------|-----------|-----------|------|-------------|-----------|------|
| | DPDT Slim | DPDT Wide | 4PDT | DPDT Slim | DPDT Wide | 4PDT |
| 240V AC | 3A | 5A | 5A | 0.8A | 2A | 5A |
| 120V AC | 3A | 5A | — | 1.5A | 2.5A | — |
| 100V DC | — | — | — | 0.2A | 0.4A | 0.2A |
| 30V DC | 3A | 5A | 5A | 1.5A | 2.5A | 1.5A |

CSA Ratings (Bifurcated Contact)

| Voltage | Resistive | General use |
|---------|-----------|-------------|
| 240V AC | 0.8A | 0.4A |
| 120V AC | 1A | 0.5A |
| 30V DC | 1A | — |

Switches & Pilot Lights

Display Lights

Relays & Sockets

Timers

Terminal Blocks

Circuit Breakers

Socket Specifications

| | Sockets | Terminal | Electrical Rating | Wire Size | Torque |
|----------------------------|----------|---|-------------------|------------------------|----------------|
| DIN Rail Mount Sockets | SY2S-05 | M3 screws with captive wire clamp | 300V, 7A | Maximum up to 2-#14AWG | 5.5 - 9 in•lbs |
| | SM2S-05 | M3 screw with captive wire clamp | 300V, 10A | Maximum up to 2-#14AWG | 5.5 - 9 in•lbs |
| | SY4S-05 | M3 screw with captive wire clamp | 300V, 7A* | Maximum up to 2-#14AWG | 5.5 - 9 in•lbs |
| Finger-safe DIN Rail Mount | SY2S-05C | M3 screws with captive wire clamp, fingersafe | 300V, 7A | Maximum up to 2-#14AWG | 5.5 - 9 in•lbs |
| | SM2S-05C | M3 screw with captive wire clamp, fingersafe | 300V, 10A | Maximum up to 2-#14AWG | 5.5 - 9 in•lbs |
| | SY4S-05C | M3 screw with captive wire clamp, fingersafe | 300V, 7A* | Maximum up to 2-#14AWG | 5.5 - 9 in•lbs |
| Through Panel Mount Socket | SY2S-51 | Solder | 250V, 7A | — | — |
| | SM2S-51 | Solder | 250V, 10A | — | — |
| | SY4S-51 | Solder | 250V, 7A* | — | — |
| PCB Mount Socket | SY2S-61 | PCB Mount | 300V, 7A | — | — |
| | SY4S-61 | PCB Mount | 300V, 7A | — | — |
| | SY4S-62 | PCB Mount | 250V, 7A | — | — |

Switches & Pilot Lights

Display Lights

Relays & Sockets

Timers

Terminal Blocks

Circuit Breakers



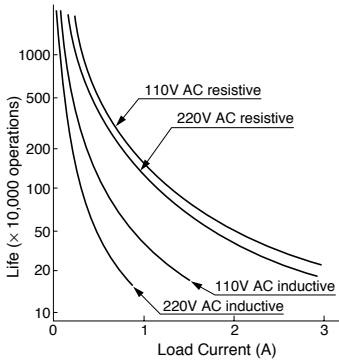
* When using only 2 poles of the 4-poles, the UL recognized current is 10A.

Characteristics (Reference Data)

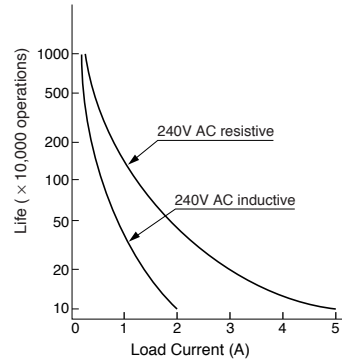
Electrical Life Curves

AC Load

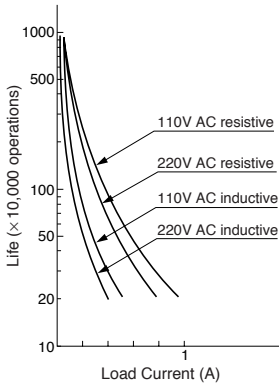
(RY2)



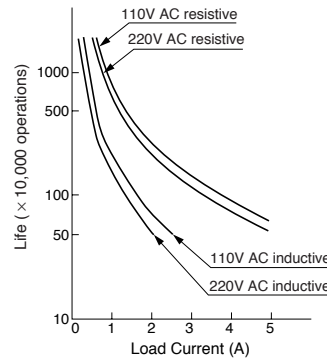
(RY4)



(RY42/
RY22)

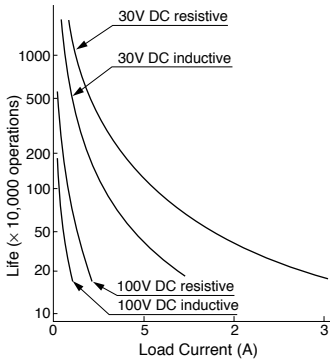


(RM2)

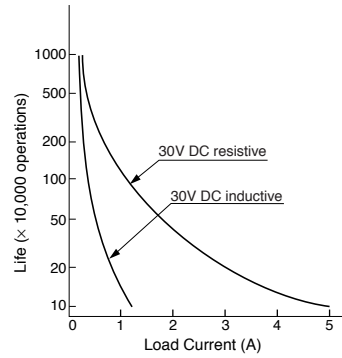


DC Load

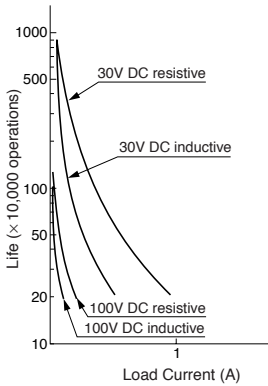
(RY2)



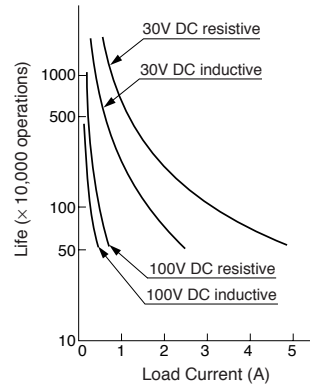
(RY4)



(RY42/
RY22)



(RM2)



Switches & Pilot Lights

Display Lights

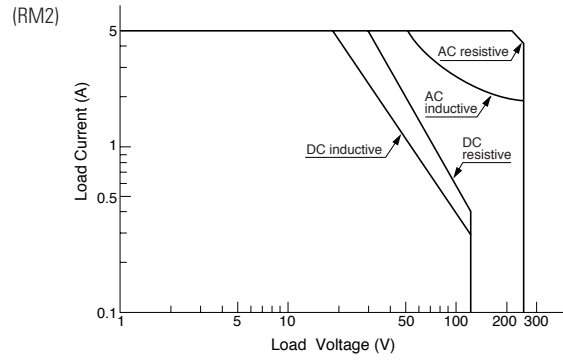
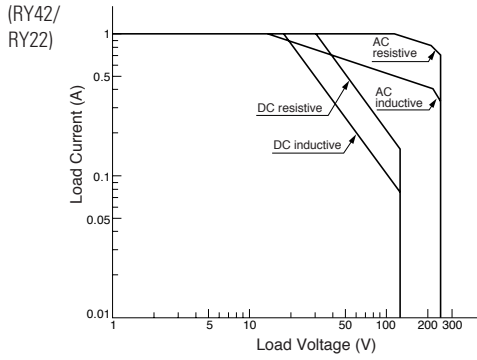
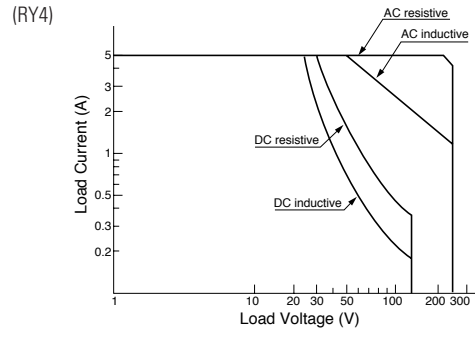
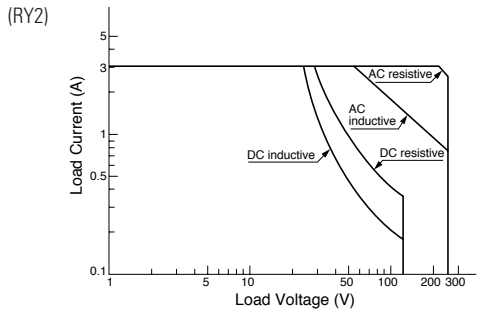
Relays & Sockets

Timers

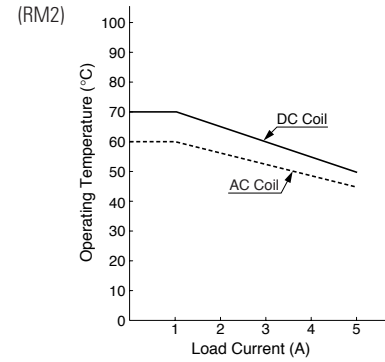
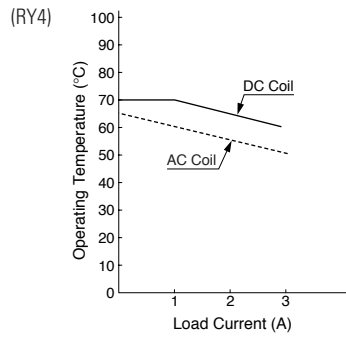
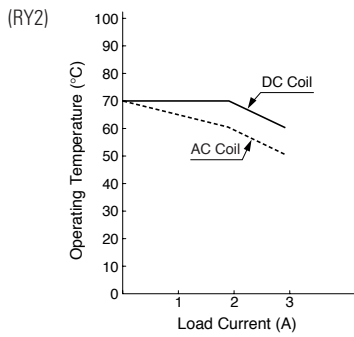
Terminal Blocks

Circuit Breakers

Maximum Switching Capacity



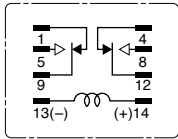
Continuous Load Current vs. Operating Temperature Curve (Basic Type, With Check Button, and Top Bracket Mounting Type)



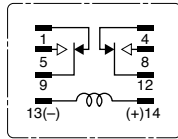
Internal Connection (View from Bottom)

Basic Type

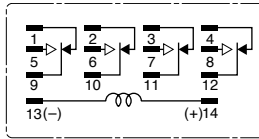
DPDT Slim (RY2/RM22)



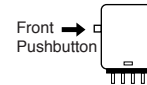
DPDT Wide (RM2)



4PDT (RY4/RM42)



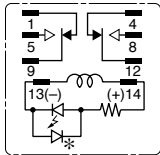
With Check Button



Contacts can be operated by pressing the check button.

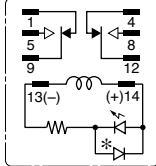
With Indicator (-L type)

DPDT Slim (RY2/RM22)



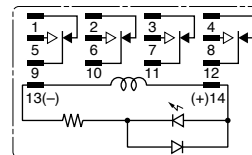
Coil Below
100V
AC/DC

DPDT Wide (RM2)



Coil Below
24V
AC/DC

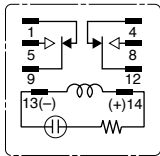
4PDT (RY4/RM42)



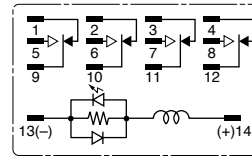
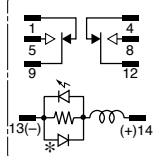
When the relay is energized, the indicator goes on.

- The LED protection diode is not contained in DPDT relays for coils below 100V DC.
- If coil polarity is reversed LED will not light.

Coil
100V
AC/DC
and over

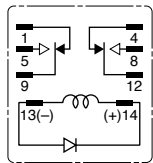


Coil 24V
AC/DC
and over

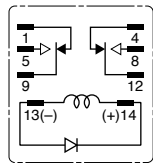


With Diode (-D type)

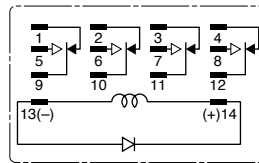
DPDT Slim (RY2/RM22)



DPDT Wide (RM2)



4PDT (RY4)

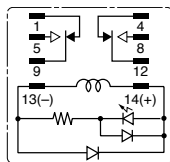


Contains a diode to absorb the back emf generated when the coil is de-energized. The release time is slightly longer.

- Diode Characteristics
Reverse withstand voltage: 1,000V
Forward current: 1A

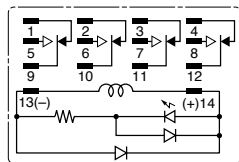
With Indicator and Diode (-LD type)

DPDT Wide (RM2)



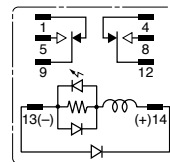
Coil Below
24V DC

4PDT (RY4)

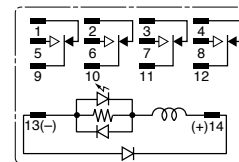


Coil 24V
DC and
over

DPDT Wide (RM2)



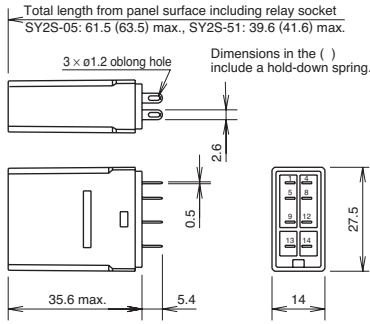
4PDT (RY4)



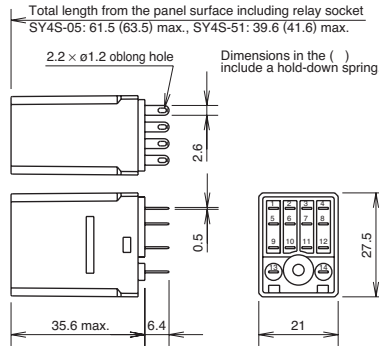
Contains LED indicator and a surge absorber.

Dimensions (mm)

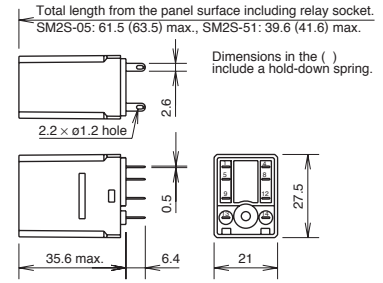
RY2S/RY22S



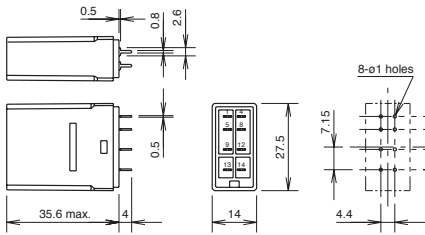
RY4S/RY42S



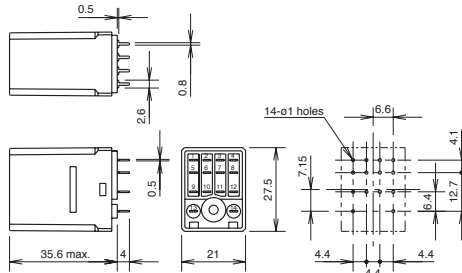
RM2S



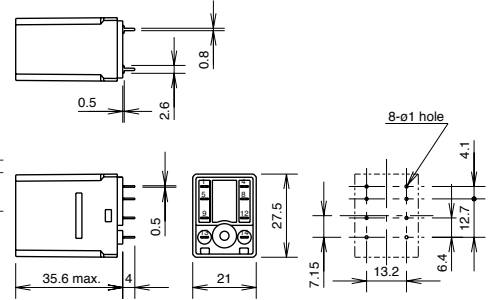
RY2V/RY22V



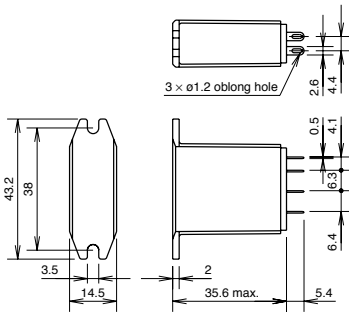
RY4V/RY42V



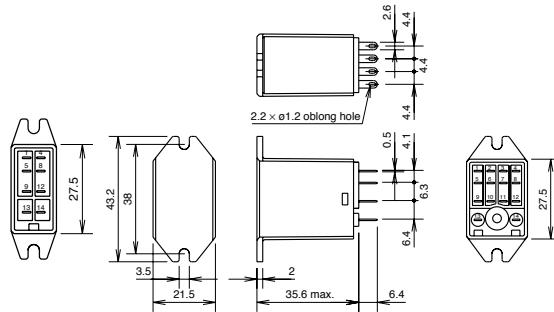
RM2V



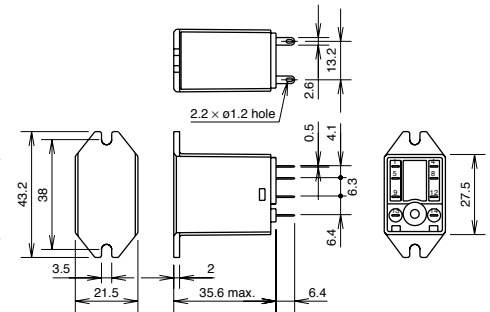
RY2S-UT/RY22S-UT



RY4S-UT/RY42S-UT



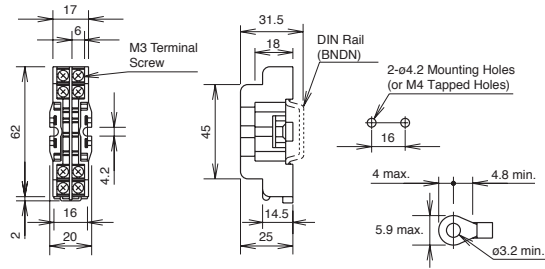
RM2S-UT



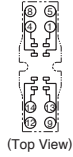
Dimensions

Standard DIN Rail Mount Sockets

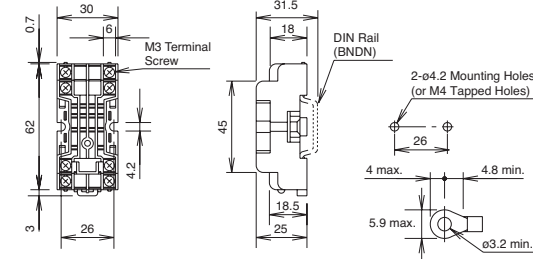
SY2S-05



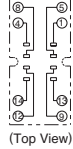
Terminal Arrangement



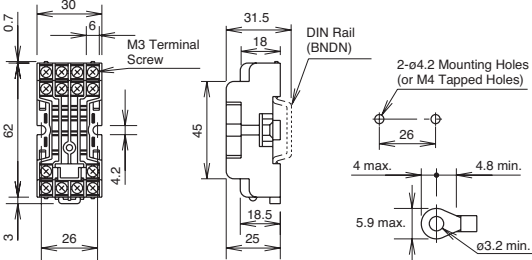
SM2S-05



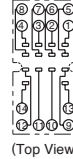
Terminal Arrangement



SY4S-05

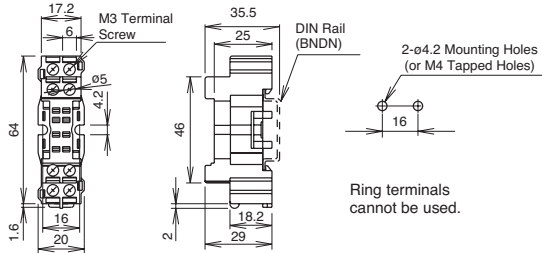


Terminal Arrangement

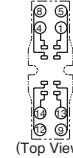


Finger-safe DIN Rail Mount Sockets

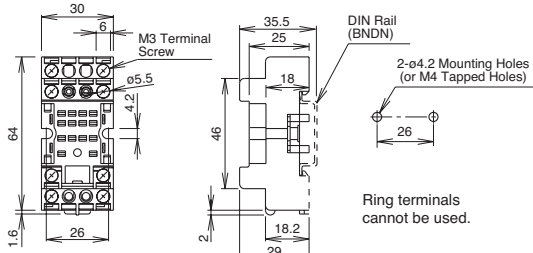
SY2S-05C



Terminal Arrangement



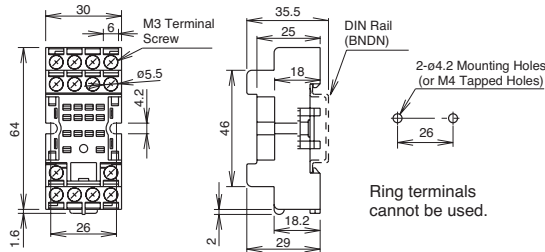
SM2S-05C



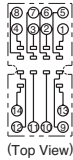
Terminal Arrangement



SY4S-05C



Terminal Arrangement



Switches & Pilot Lights

Display Lights

Relays & Sockets

Timers

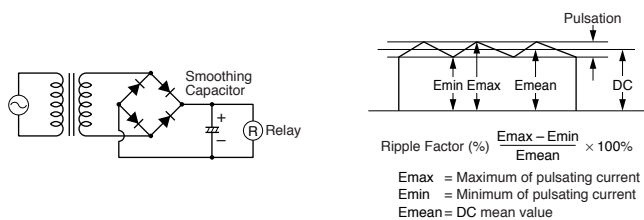
Terminal Blocks

Circuit Breakers

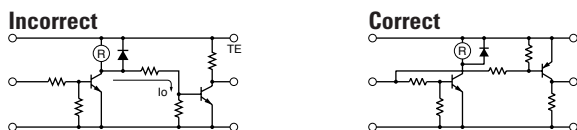
Operating Instructions

Driving Circuit for Relays

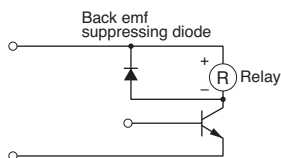
- To ensure correct relay operation, apply rated voltage to the relay coil.
- Input voltage for the DC coil:
A complete DC voltage is best for the coil power to make sure of stable relay operation. When using a power supply containing a ripple voltage, suppress the ripple factor within 5%. When power is supplied through a rectification circuit, the relay operating characteristics, such as pickup voltage and dropout voltage, depend on the ripple factor. Connect a smoothing capacitor for better operating characteristics as shown below.



- Leakage current while relay is off:
When driving an element at the same time as the relay operation, special consideration is needed for the circuit design. As shown in the incorrect circuit below, leakage current (I_0) flows through the relay coil while the relay is off. Leakage current causes coil release failure or adversely affects the vibration resistance and shock resistance. Design a circuit as shown in the correct example.



- Surge suppression for transistor driving circuits:
When the relay coil is turned off, a high-voltage pulse is generated, causing a transistor to deteriorate and sometimes to break. Be sure to connect a diode to suppress the back electromotive force. Then, the coil release time becomes slightly longer. To shorten the coil release time, connect a Zener diode between the collector and emitter of the transistor. Select a Zener voltage slightly higher than the power voltage.



Protection for Relay Contacts

- The contact ratings show maximum values. Make sure that these values are not exceeded. When an inrush current flows through the load, the contact may become welded. If this is the case, connect a contact protection circuit, such as a current limiting resistor.
- Contact protection circuit:
When switching an inductive load, arcing causes carbides to form on the contacts, resulting in increased contact resistance. In consideration of contact reliability, contact life, and noise suppression, use of a surge absorbing circuit is recommended. Note that the release time of the load becomes slightly longer. Check the operation using the actual load. Incorrect use of a contact protection circuit will adversely affect switching characteristics. Four typical examples of contact protection circuits are shown in the following table:

| | | |
|----------|--|--|
| RC | | This protection circuit can be used when the load impedance is smaller than the RC impedance in an AC load power circuit. • R: Resistor of approximately the same resistance value as the load • C: 0.1 to 1 μ F |
| | | This protection circuit can be used for both AC and DC load power circuits. R: Resistor of approximately the same resistance value as the load C: 0.1 to 1 μ F |
| Diode | | This protection circuit can be used for DC load power circuits. Use a diode with the following ratings. Reverse withstand voltage: Power voltage of the load circuit x 10 Forward current: More than the load current |
| Varistor | | This protection circuit can be used for both AC and DC load power circuits. For a best result, when using a power voltage of 24 to 48V AC/DC, connect a varistor across the load. When using a power voltage of 100 to 240V AC/DC, connect a varistor across the contacts. |

- Do not use a contact protection circuit as shown below:

| | |
|--|---|
| | This protection circuit is very effective in arc suppression when opening the contacts. But, the capacitor is charged while the contacts are opened. When the contacts are closed, the capacitor is discharged through the contacts, increasing the possibility of contact welding. |
| | This protection circuit is very effective in arc suppression when opening the contacts. But, when the contacts are closed, a current flows to charge the capacitor, causing contact welding. |

Generally, switching a DC inductive load is more difficult than switching a DC resistive load. Using an appropriate arc suppressor, however, will improve the switching characteristics of a DC inductive load.

Soldering

- When soldering the relay terminals, use a soldering iron of 30 to 60W, and quickly complete soldering (within approximately 3 seconds).
- Use a non-corrosive rosin flux.

Switches & Pilot Lights

Display Lights

Relays & Sockets

Timers

Terminal Blocks

Circuit Breakers

Operating Instructions con't

Other Precautions

1. General notice:
To maintain the initial characteristics, do not drop or shock the relay.

The relay cover cannot be removed from the base during normal operation. To maintain the initial characteristics, do not remove the relay cover.

Use the relay in environments free from condensation, dust, sulfur dioxide (SO₂), and hydrogen sulfide (H₂S).

Make sure that the coil voltage does not exceed applicable coil voltage range.
2. UL and CSA ratings may differ from product rated values determined by IDEC.
3. Do not use relays in the vicinity of strong magnetic field, as this may affect relay operation.

Safety Precautions

- Turn off the power to the relay before starting installation, removal, wiring, maintenance, and inspection of the relays. Failure to turn power off may cause electrical shock or fire hazard.
- Observe specifications and rated values, otherwise electrical shock or fire hazard may be caused.
- Use wires of the proper size to meet voltage and current requirements. Tighten the terminal screws on the relay socket to the proper tightening torque.
- Surge absorbing elements on AC relays with RC or DC relays with diode are provided to absorb the back electromotive force generated by the coil. When the relay is subject to an excessive external surge voltage, the surge absorbing element may be damaged. Add another surge absorbing provision to the relay to prevent damage.

Precautions for the RU Relays

- Before operating the latching lever of the RU relay, turn off the power to the RU relay. After checking the circuit, return the latching lever to the original position.
- Do not use the latching lever as a switch. The durability of the latching lever is a minimum of 100 operations.
- When using DC loads on 4PDT relays, apply a positive voltage to terminals of neighboring poles and a negative voltage to the other terminals of neighboring poles to prevent the possibility of short circuits.
- DC relays with a diode have a polarity in the coil terminals. Apply the DC voltage to the correct terminals.